

# Towards foundations of categorical cybernetics

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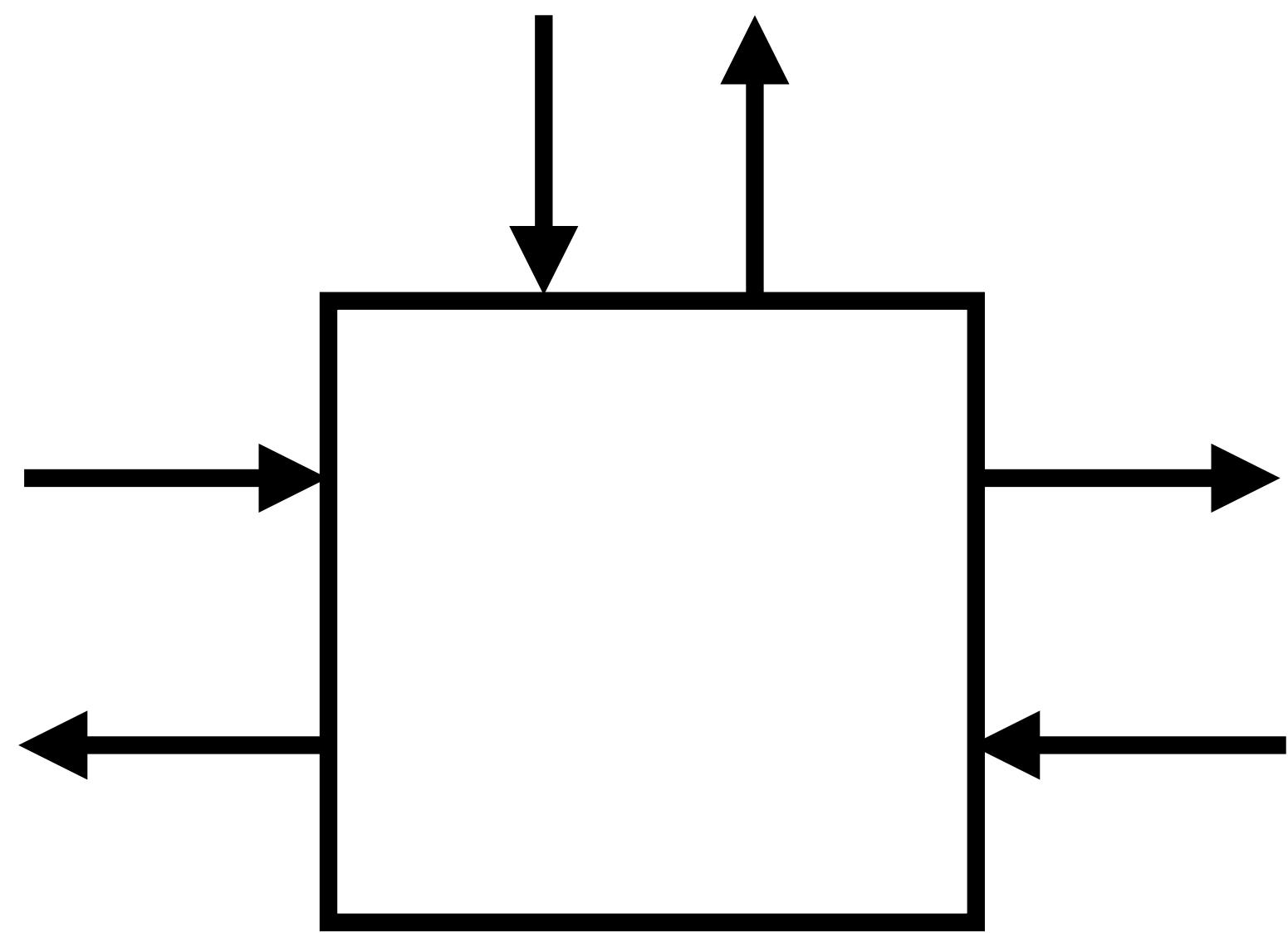
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# The goal

A monoidal category of processes that:

- Depend on an external parameter
- Propagate back “responses” to the environment
- Also propagate back “responses” to the parameter’s controller



# The Para construction

Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a symmetric monoidal category

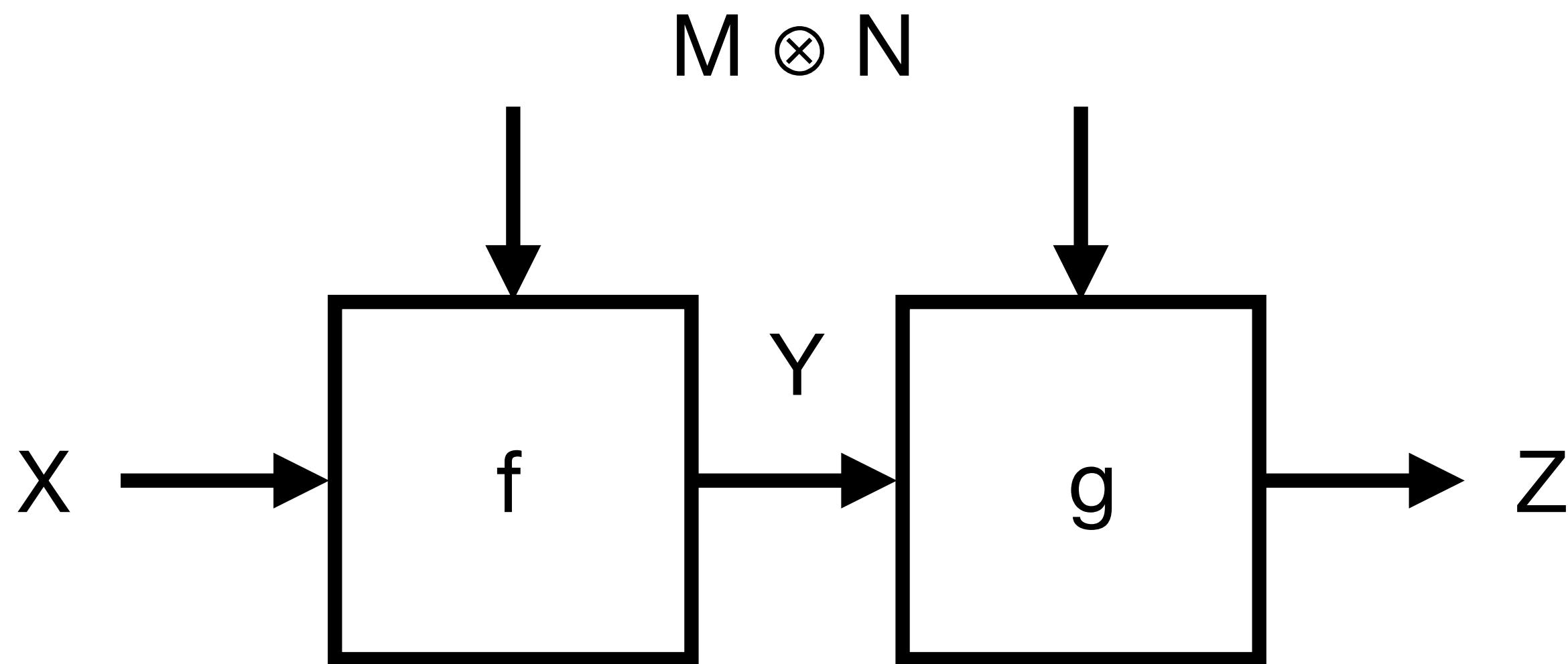
$\text{Para}(\mathcal{C})$  is a symmetric monoidal bicategory where:

- Objects = objects of  $\mathcal{C}$
- Morphisms  $X \rightarrow Y$  = pairs  $(M \in \mathcal{C}, f : M \otimes X \rightarrow Y)$
- 2-cells  $(M, f) \rightarrow (N, g)$  = “reparameterisations”  $h : M \rightarrow N$

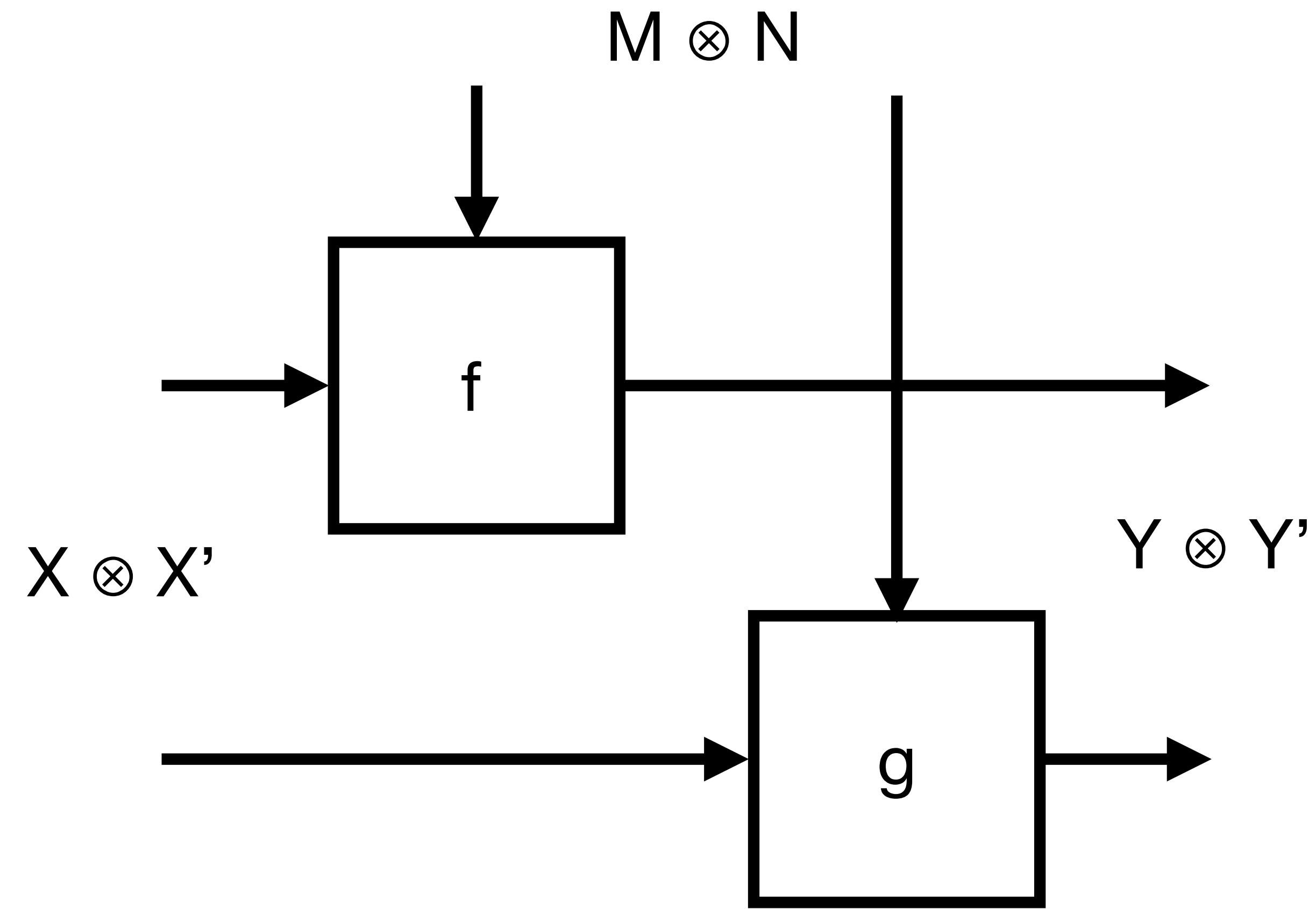
(Nb. This generalises from monoidal categories to actegories)

# Picturing morphisms of Para

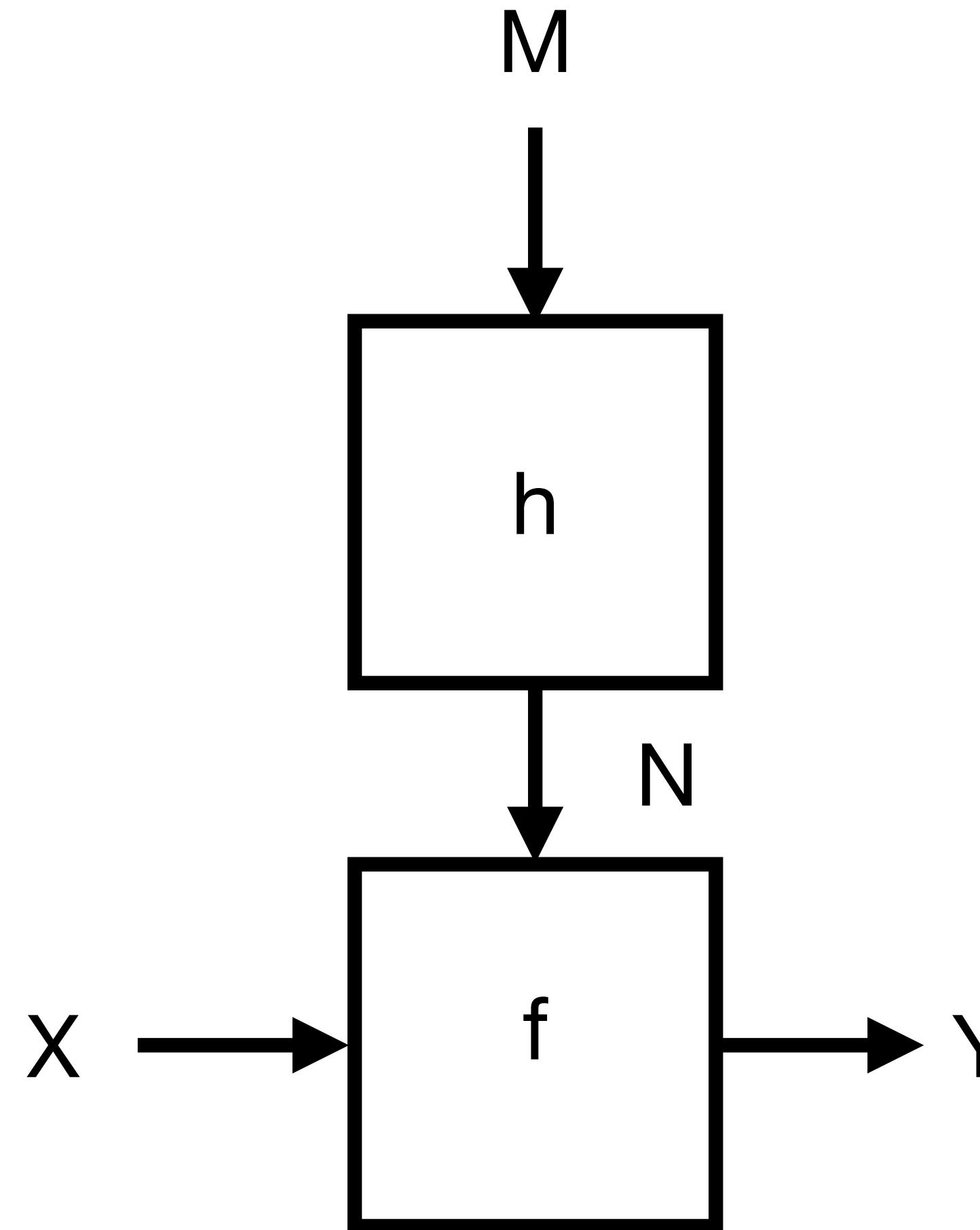
Sequential composition



Parallel composition

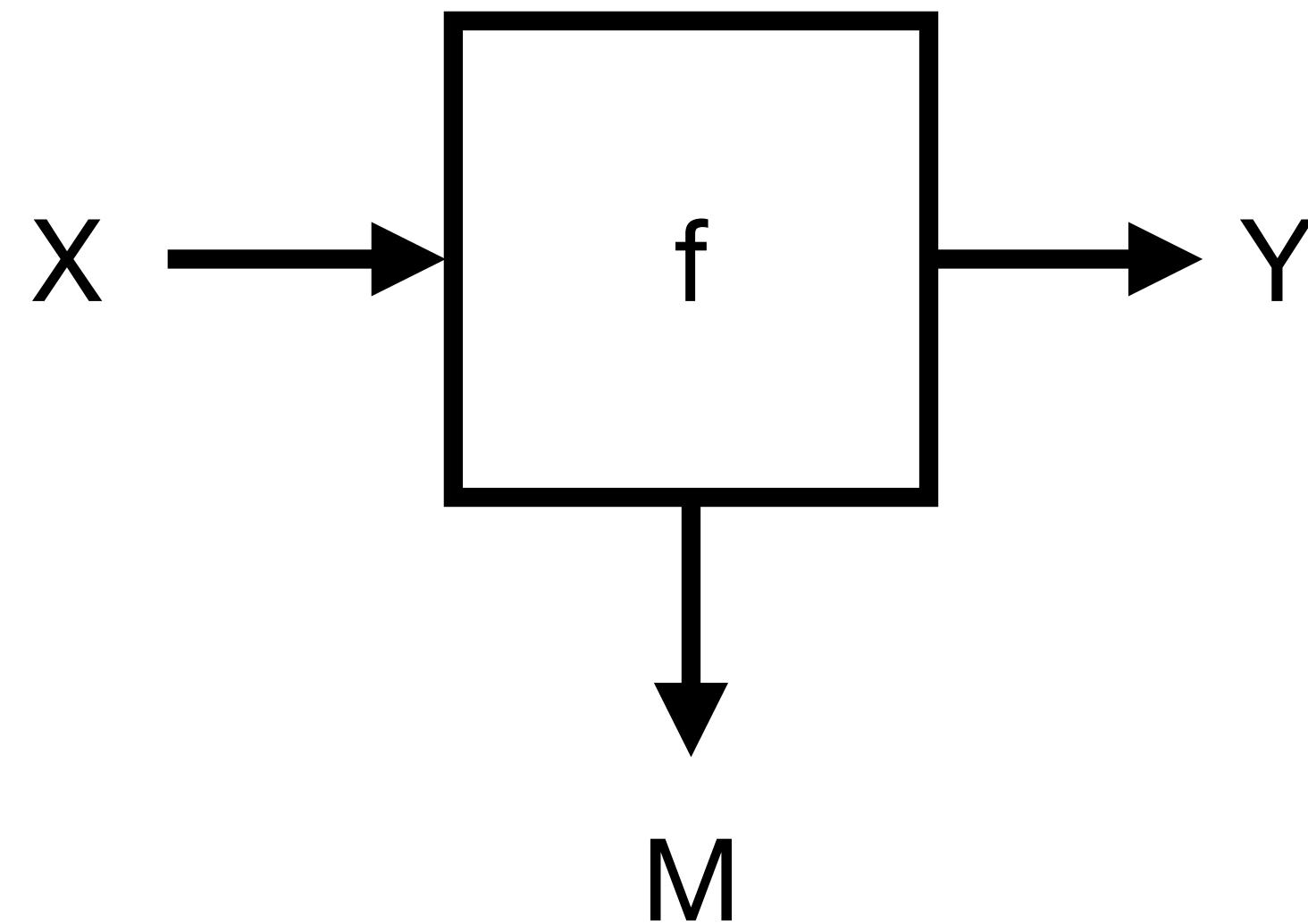


# Reparameterisation



hom-categories of  $\text{Para}(\mathcal{C})$  are fibred over  $\mathcal{C}$

# CoPara



Morphisms  $X \rightarrow Y = \text{pairs } (M \in C, f : X \rightarrow M \otimes Y)$

$$\text{CoPara}(\mathcal{C})^{\text{op}} = \text{Para}(\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}})$$

# Optics = CoPara + Para

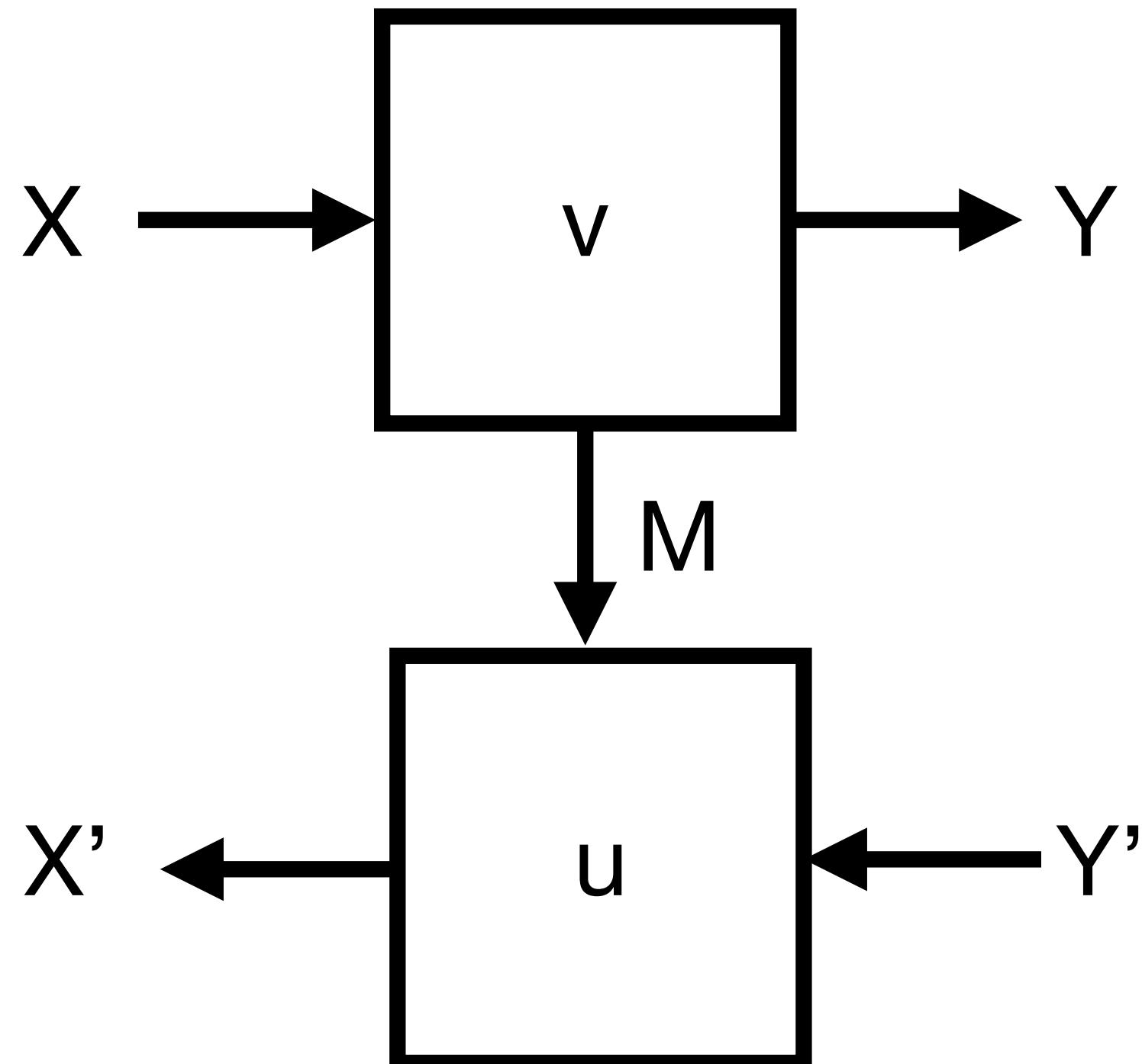
$\text{Optic}(\mathcal{C})$  is a monoidal category where:

- Objects = pairs of objects of  $\mathcal{C}$
- Morphisms  $(X, X') \rightarrow (Y, Y')$  = equivalence classes of triples

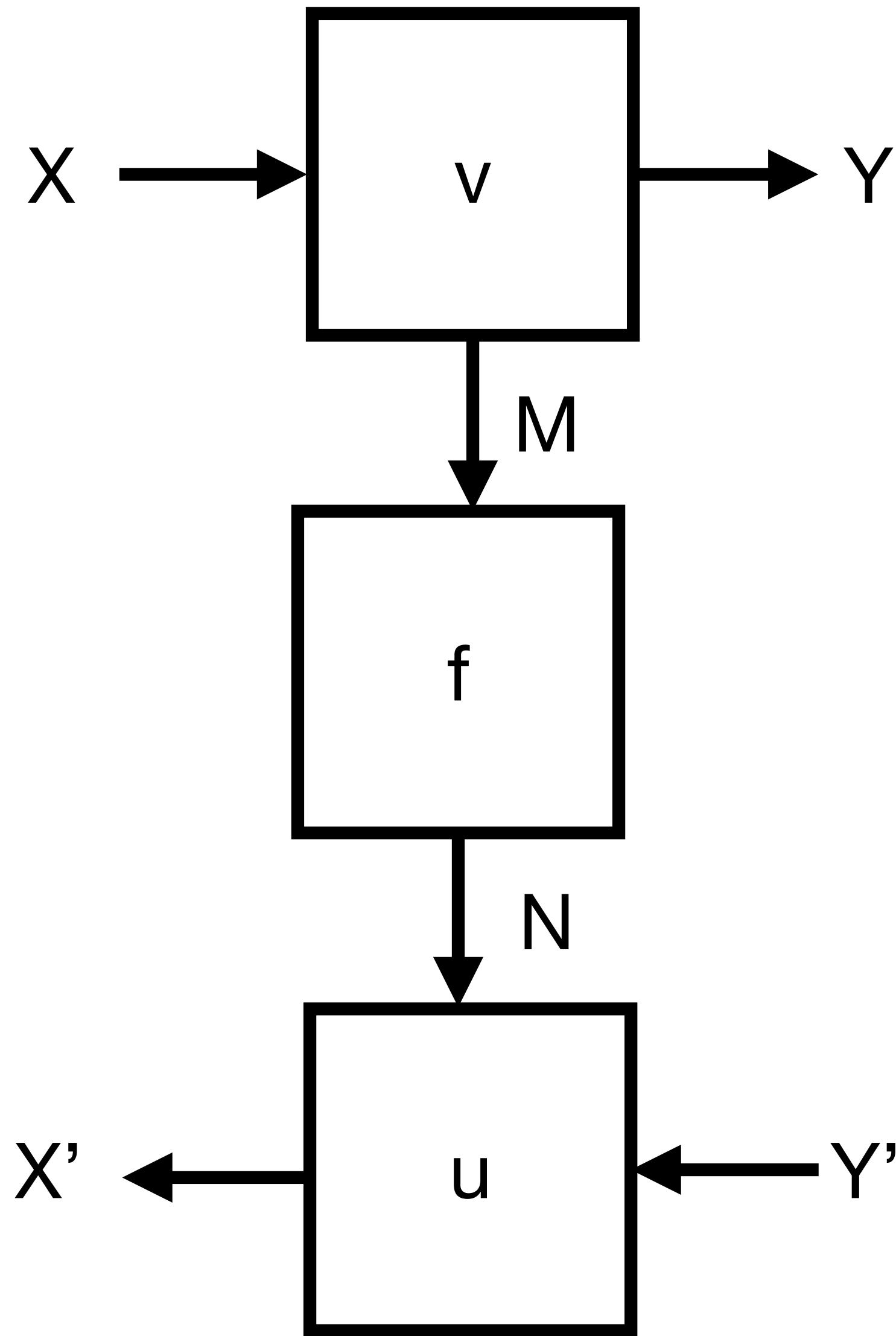
$$M \in \mathcal{C}$$

$$v : X \rightarrow M \otimes Y$$

$$u : M \otimes Y' \rightarrow X'$$



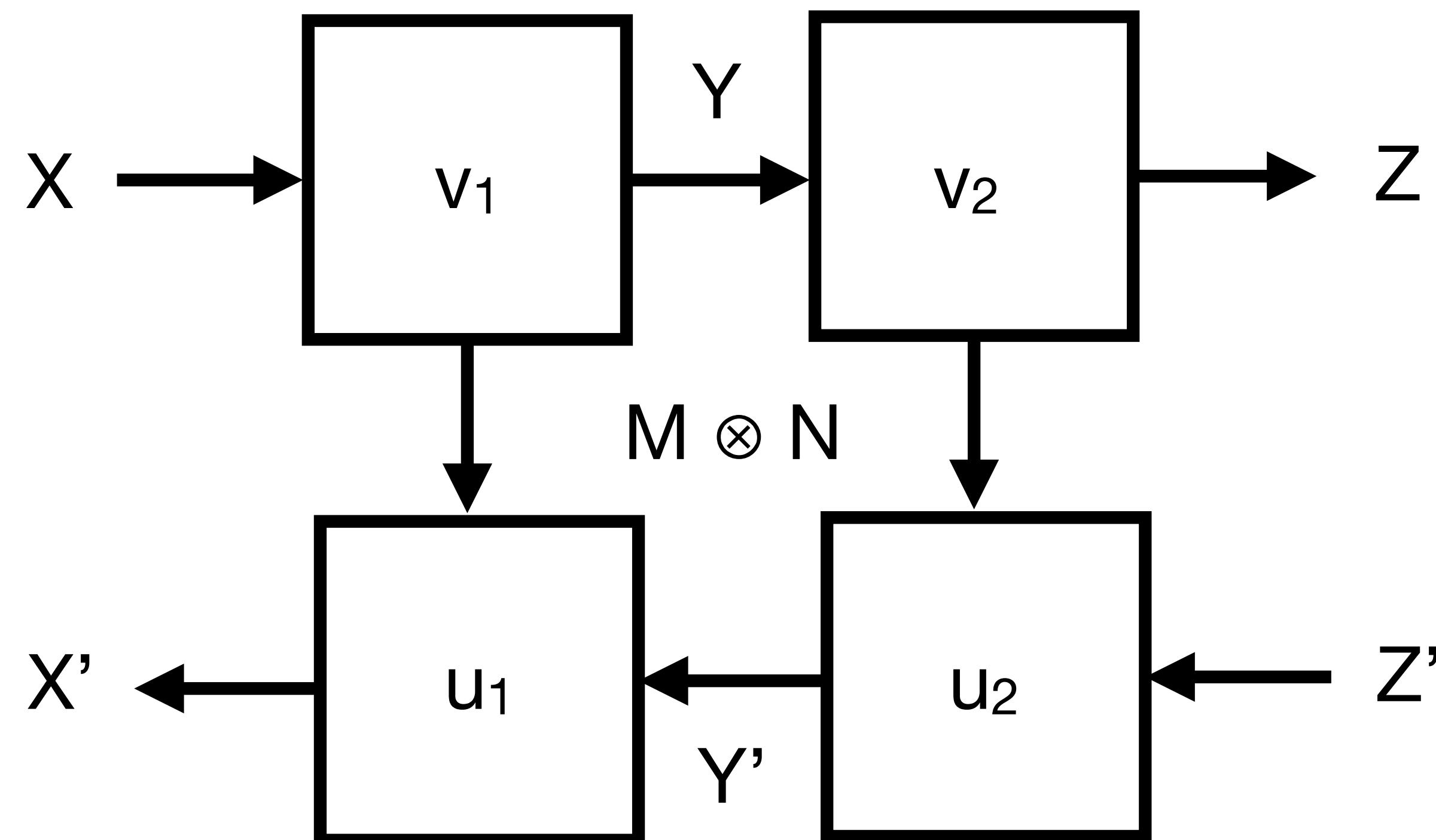
# Equivalence of optics



$(M, v, f^*u) \sim (N, f_*v, u)$

(It's a coend)

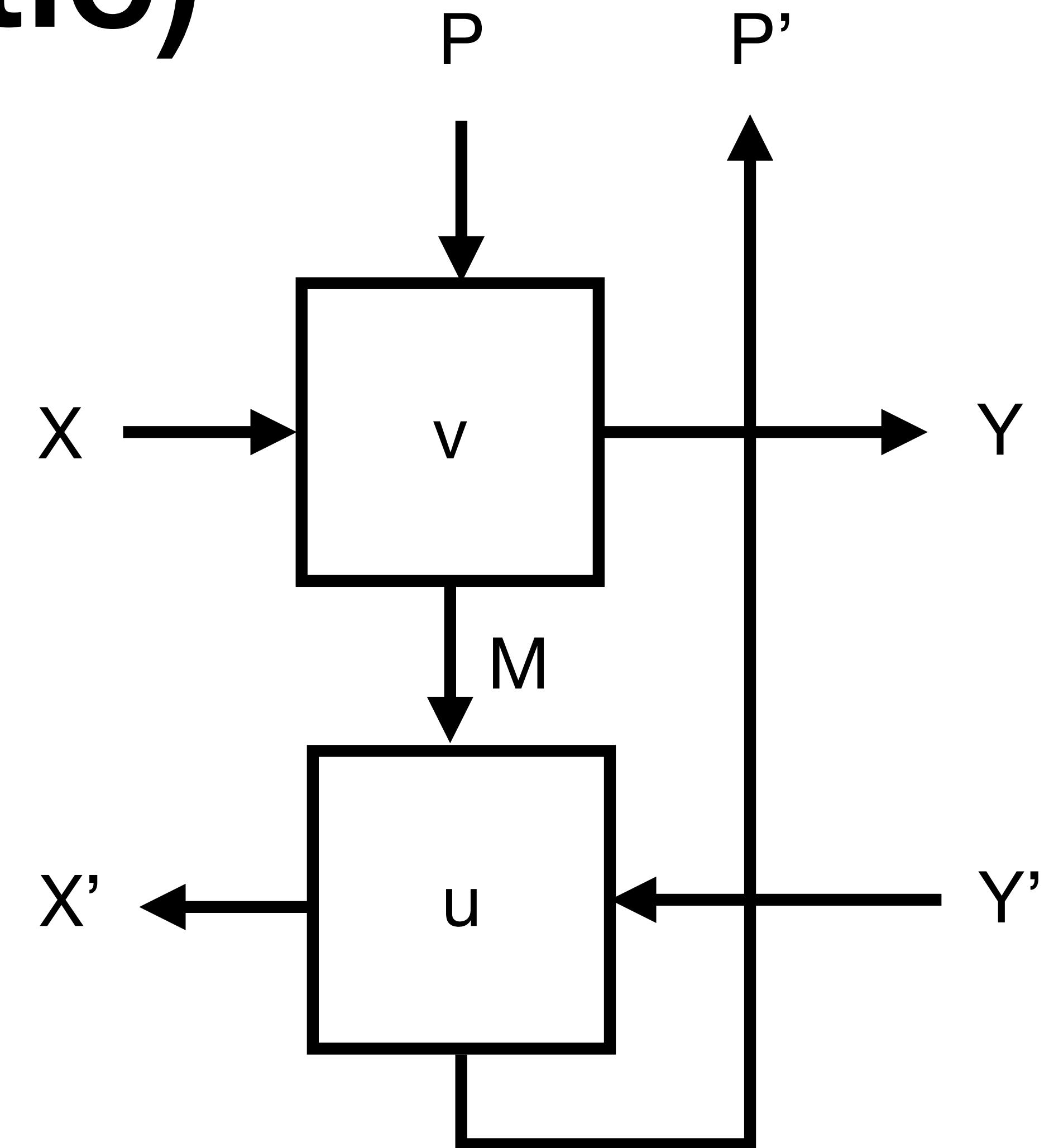
# Optic composition



# Para(Optic)

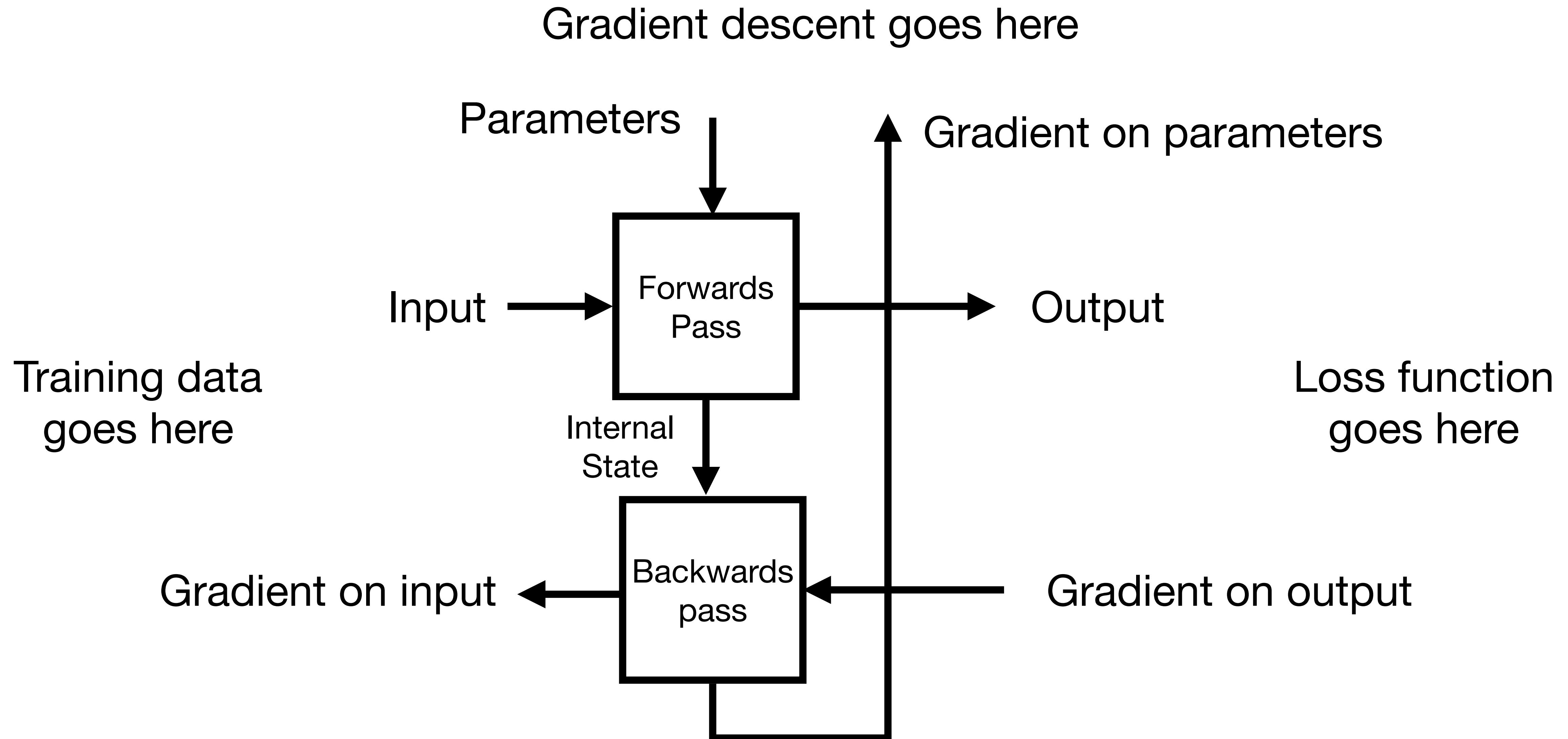
Para(Optic( $\mathcal{C}$ )) is a monoidal bicategory with:

- Objects = pairs of objects of  $\mathcal{C}$
- Morphisms  $(X, X') \rightarrow (Y, Y')$  =  
 $P \in \mathcal{C}, P' \in \mathcal{C}, (P, P') \otimes (X, X') \rightarrow (Y, Y')$

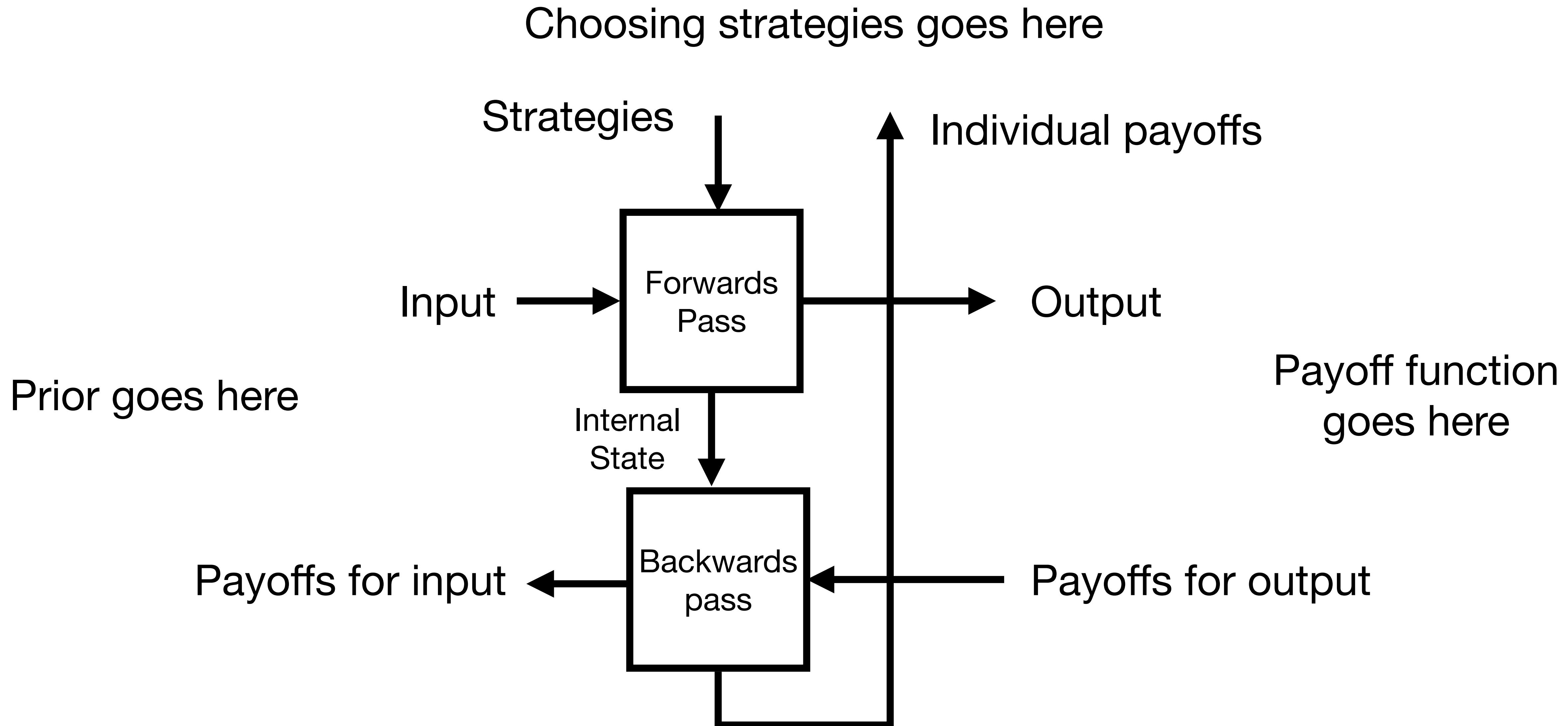


Central claim: Para(Optic) is the right setting for “cybernetic” processes

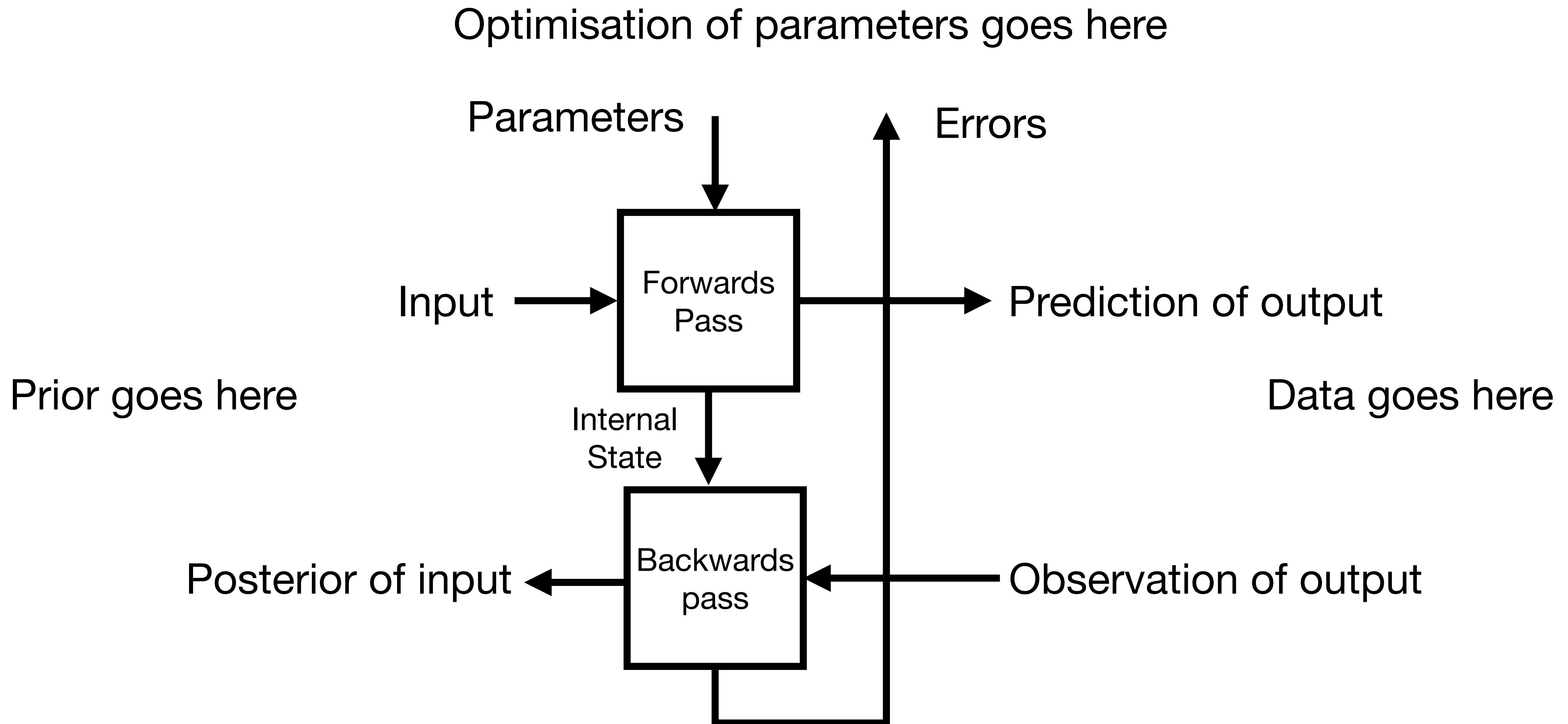
# Example: Supervised learning



# Example: Game theory



# Example: Variational inference



# Example: Reinforcement learning

